
Semiconductor Manufacturing – The Role of Equipment Development, Assessment and Control

Areas for Effective International Cooperation

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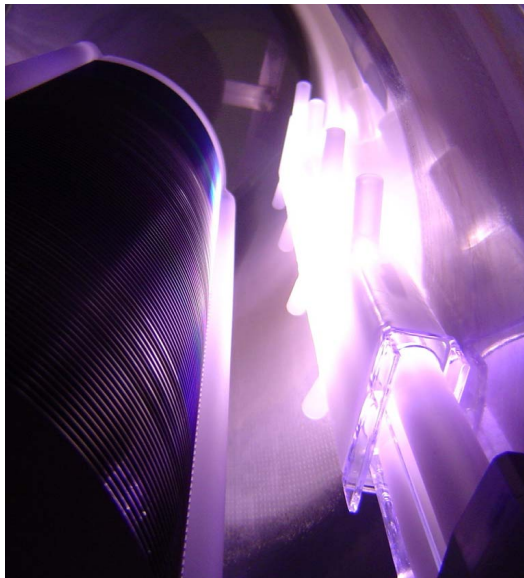


Fraunhofer Institut
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Equipment Development

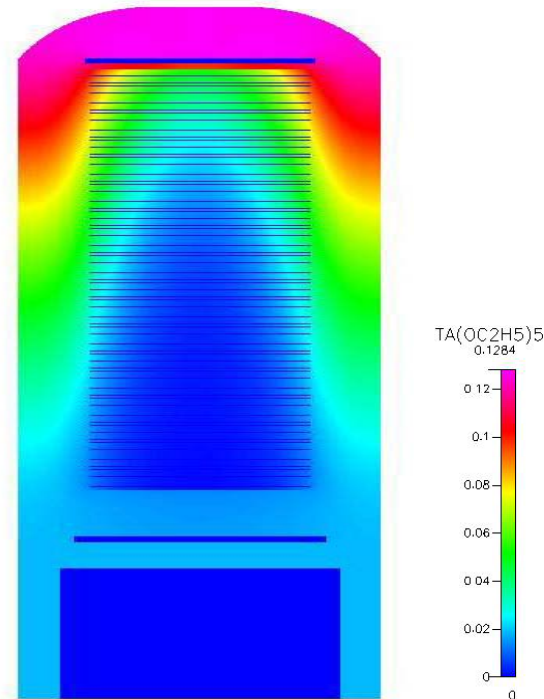
*Simulation development for new semiconductor manufacturing equipment –
Need for collaboration Academia – Research Institution – Supplier - User*

ALD batch reactor



Mass fraction of Ta(OEt)₅ in the reactor after a pulse time of 30 s

Simulated precursor distribution



Example:

Equipment simulation to support process development in high throughput ALD

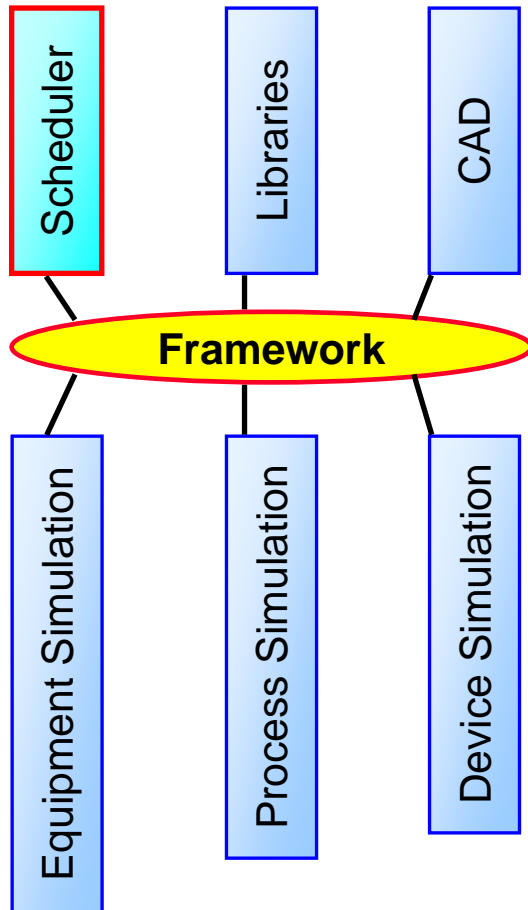
Simulation of Batch Equipment for deposition of Al₂O₃, Ta₂O₅, and HfO₂ layers

- Optimization of purge and pump cycles
- Model for precursor depletion process effects during deposition of Ta₂O₅, HfO₂ dielectrics

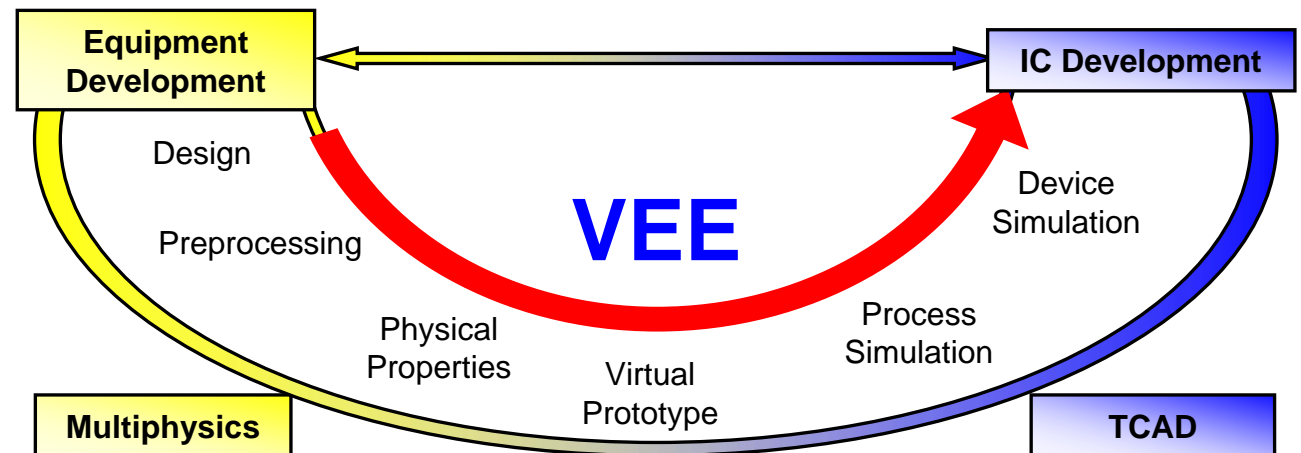


Equipment Development

Novel approach: Virtual Equipment Engineering (VEE):



- **Integrated** simulation, evaluation and optimization of the equipment towards the corresponding process
- **Concept:** Concatenation of existing and novel methods through a **framework** towards a flexibly configurable complete system
- Provision of broad information about the future equipment in the very **early development stages**
- **Application example:** faster version testing



Equipment Assessment: SEA-NET



Assessment of prototype equipment and novel enhancements to existing equipment, and their application to next generation semiconductor technologies and device architectures

Bring together critical mass, research and development power to form synergies

Make use of the excellent European 300mm research infrastructure at Fraunhofer IISB, LETI and IMEC

Increase the chances for SME's to get access to European and non-European IC makers

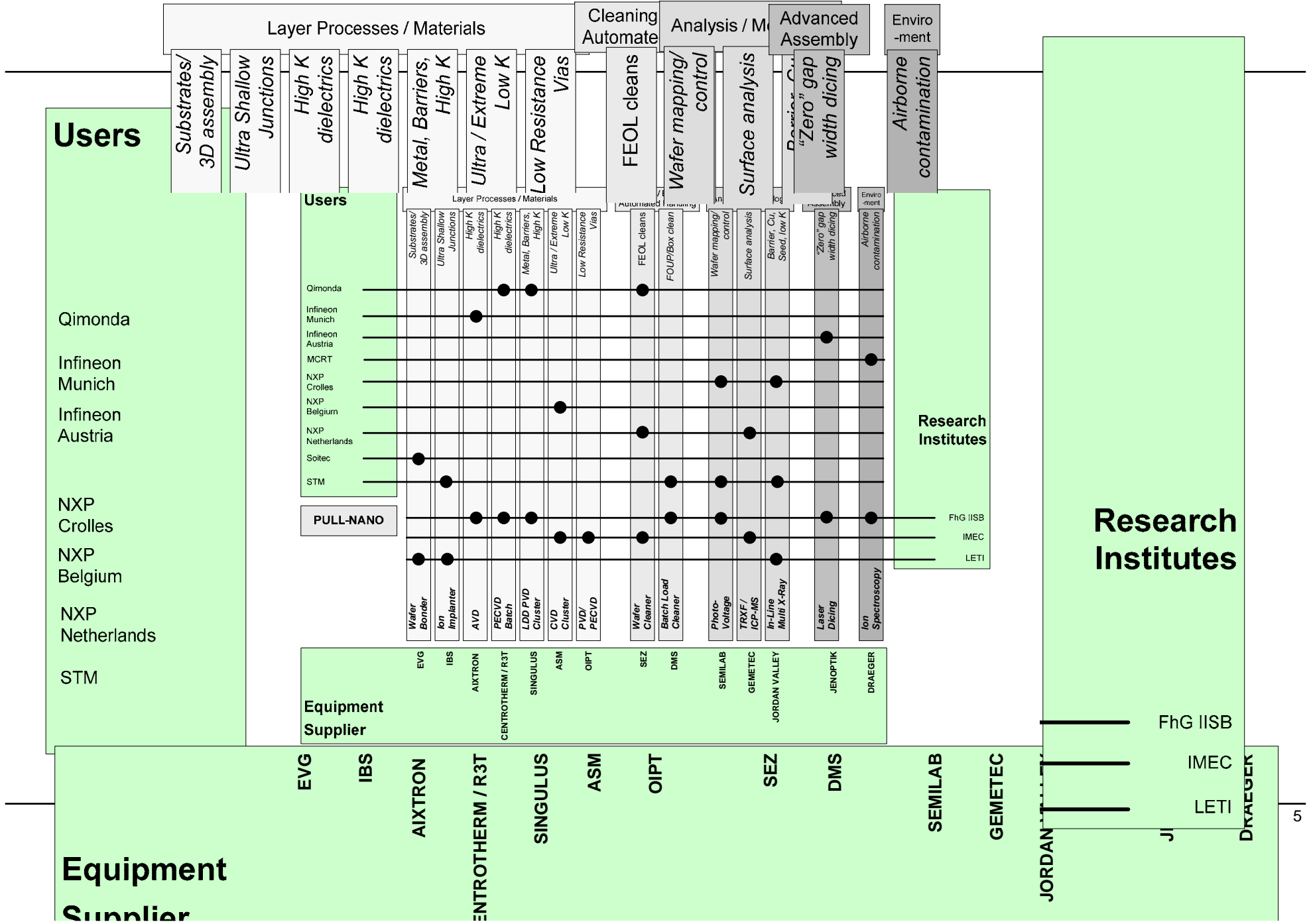
Partners: 27 Partners

equipment manufactures: EVGroup, ION BEAM SERVICES, AIXTRON, SINGULUS, Oxford Instruments, SEZ, DMS, SEMILAB, GEMETEC, JORDAN VALLEY, JENOPTIK, Centrotherm, SOITEC, R3T, Dreager, MCRT

semiconductor manufactures: Infineon (Munich, Villach), Qimonda, NXP (Crolles, Netherlands, Belgium), STMicroelectronics Crolles II

R&D institutes: Fraunhofer IISB, IMEC, CEA-LETI, FH Wiener-Neustadt

Duration: January 2006 – December 2008



Equipment Assessment: Area Layer processes / Material

SP3: RACING

RACING – Ruthenium Atomic Vapor Deposition Competitiveness in Nanoelectronic Device Generations

Newly developed deposition equipment for the manufacturing of highly innovative metal electrode systems required for the fabrication of future nano-electronic devices in nearly all IC applications



AIXTRON Tricent® AVD® Reaction Chamber

Ruthenium - benefits

- Base resistivity
- Thermal stability
- Favorable work function for PMOS transistors
- Simple structuring with subtractive processes (masking and etching)

Ru(II)Oxid - benefits

- Good diffusion barrier

Objectives

- AVD processing of Ru and RuO₂ electrode layers for planar MIM applications.
- Processing of metal-nitride barrier layers (e.g. TiN, TaN).

Partners: AIXTRON AG, Fraunhofer IISB
Infineon Munich

Equipment Assessment: Area Cleaning / Etching / Automated handling

SP8: SIWAC

SIWAC

Front-End-Of-Line Single-Wafer Cleaning

Development and implementation of APM based cleaning with Megasonic agitation



Benefits of SIWAC

- High cleaning efficiency
- Short process times
- Flexible process integration: e.g. SC-1, SC-2, DHF last

Objectives:

- Investigation of new FEOL cleaning concepts for the sub-45nm technology node
- Development and implementation of novel hardware features into beta-tool
- Beta-testing and tool assessment with IMEC

Partners: SEZ, IMEC,
NXP Netherlands, Qimonda



Metrology Equipment Assessment: Area Analysis / Metrology

SP11: LEAD-IT

LEAD-IT

Low Energy and Dose Implant Test

Capacitive pick-up electrodes measure the lateral voltage drop in the implanted or epi layer



Benefits of LEAD-IT

Fully automated 300 mm metrology tool for the measurement of sheet resistivity

- Non-contact metrology
- Non-destructive
- High speed
- High resolution

Objectives:

- Use of junction photo-voltage to measure sheet resistance and thus annealed implant dose
- Provide non-destructive high speed, high repeatability full wafer mapping of dose.

Partners: Semilab, Fraunhofer IISB

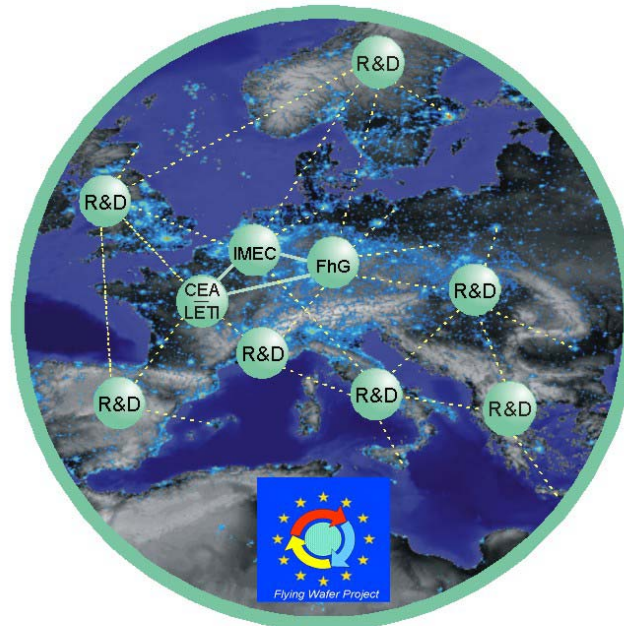
ST Microelectronics Crolles II, NXP Crolles R&D

Supporting Activities: Flying Wafer

Flying Wafer *Feasibility Study about distributed 300 mm R&D Line*

Targets

- ◆ Network of European Micro- and Nano-electronics R&D centers
- ◆ Fast and reliable logistics and infrastructure for 300 mm wafer exchange
- ◆ Project consortium: Freescale, Philips, Infineon, Siltronic, Isiltec, INCAM Solutions, Entegris, IMEC, LETI and Fraunhofer IISB as project coordinator



300 mm R&D equipment available at

- R&D Institute
- IC manufacturer
- Equipment manufacturer
- University

Results

- ◆ Specification of parameters for handling, transport, and logistics of silicon wafers and carriers
- ◆ Specification of parameters for silicon wafer input and output procedures
- ◆ Specification of parameters for wafer environment contamination control procedures and intervals
- ◆ Development of a functional model describing the complete sequence of wafer and data exchange between distributed locations
- ◆ Specification of parameters for a central planning and control system

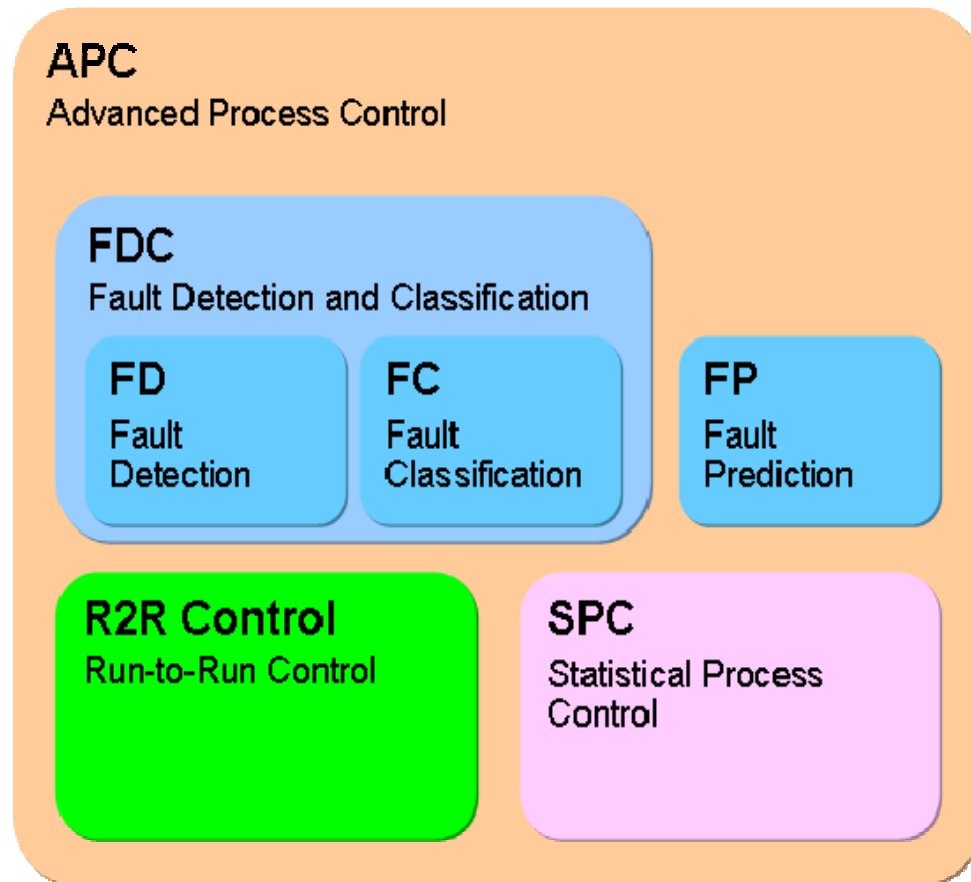


Supporting Activities: Common Metrics + Standards

		Initial status	after 6 months	after 12 months	after 18 months	Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)	Site Acceptance Test (SAT)	final target	change of final target
General Equipment specifications									
	Hardware Interface (loadport, FOUP, FOSB)								
	Software Interface (SECS/GEM)								
	cleanroomspace, footprint								
	Cleanroom class (minienviroment)								
	Weight								
	Energy consumption								
	Enviroment (Vacuum, N2 ...)								
	Type of automation (robot, XY table, ...)								
	Envisaged Feature Size (Technology node)								
	Max. Batch Size								
	Number of process chambers								
	Wafer diameter								
	Wafer edge exclusion								
Handling/cleanliness									
	Wafer mis-handling								
	Particles added – handling								
	Particels added – process								
Equipment usability									
	Uptime (%)								
	MTBF (hours)								
	MTTR (hours)								
Cost-effectiveness									
	Equipment cost (€)								
	Throughput wafers/hr								
	Cost per wafer (€)								



Supporting Activities: AEC APC



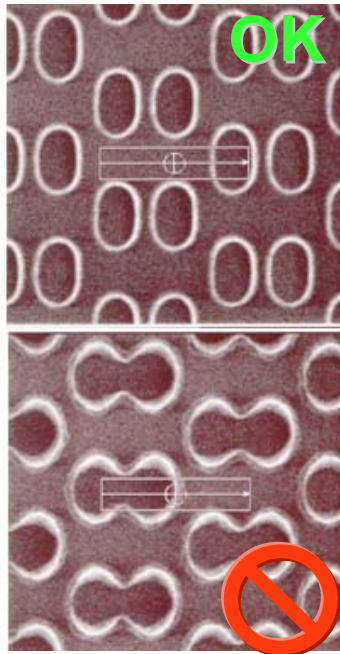
Benefits of Joint R&D

- Using of synergies in cross-cut activities
- Identification of emerging semiconductor equipment topics
- Allocation of additional R&D source for the sub-projects of SEA-NET
- Support of SMEs by strategic and innovative R&D topics

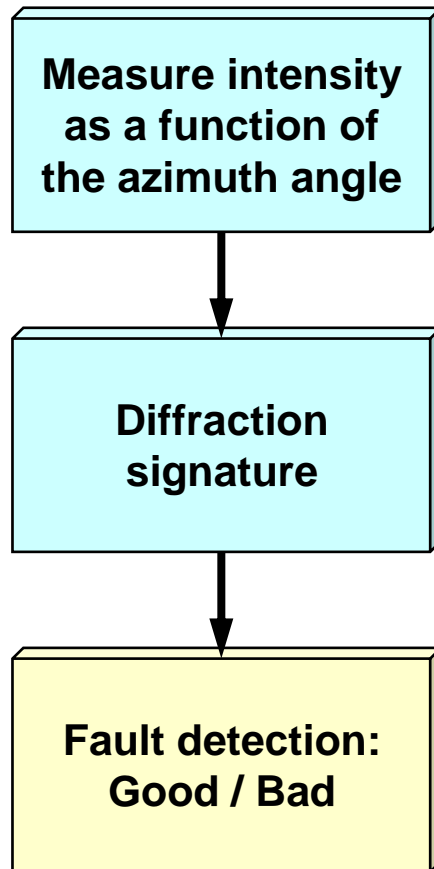


Supporting Activities: AEC/APC

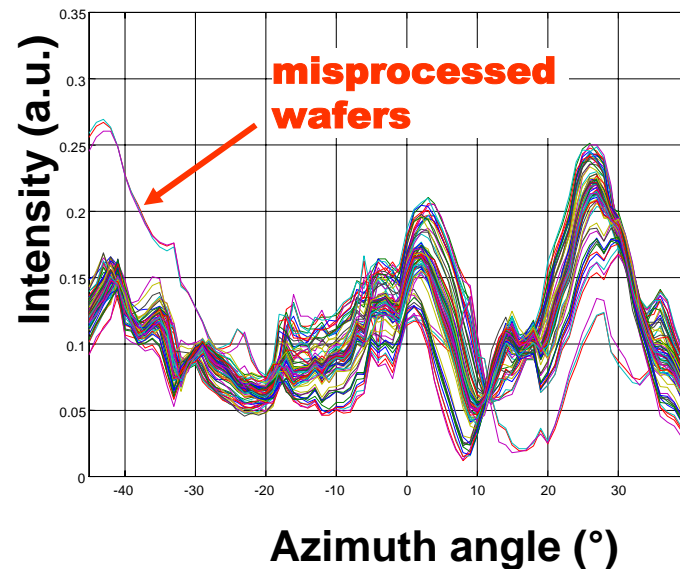
CD Monitoring by Phi-Scatterometry



Deep-trench
DRAM structures



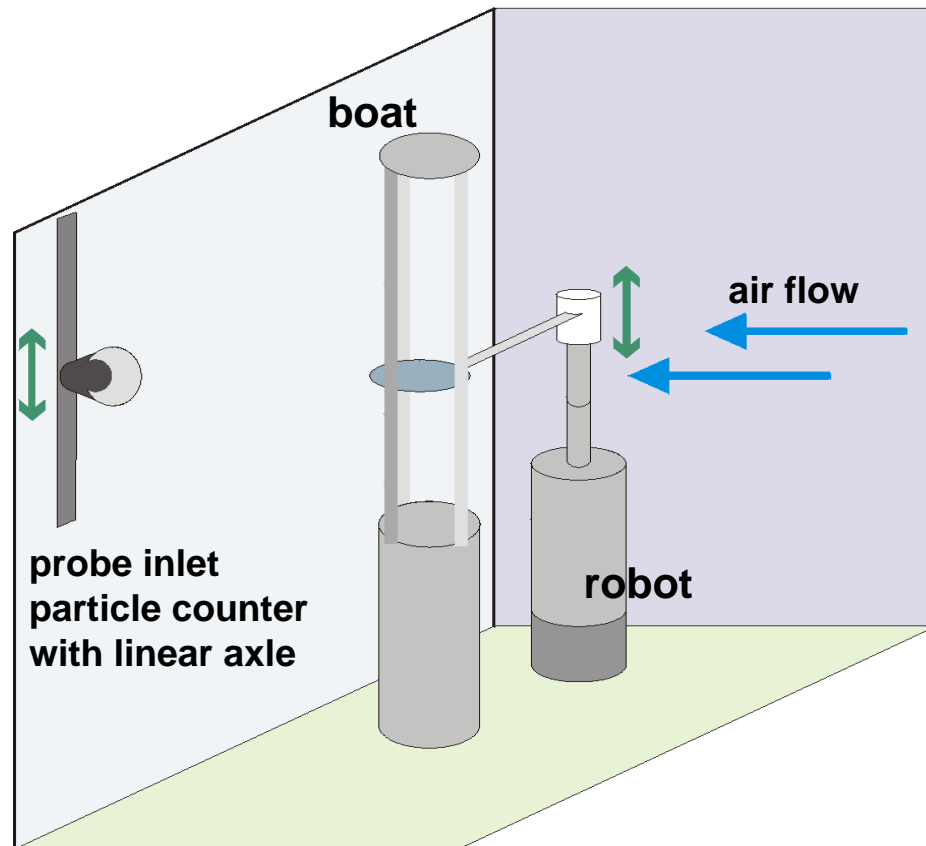
Picture by courtesy of Infineon, Dresden



Test on product wafers in 300 mm pilot line

Supporting Activities: AEC/APC

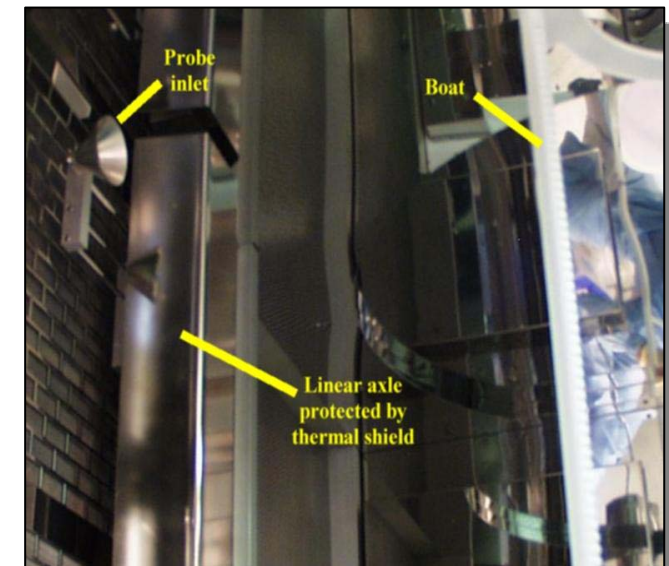
Detection of particle contamination inside furnaces



Handling Monitoring - In Situ Particle Monitoring: Detection of generated particles carried by the airflow inside the loading station with a **particle counter mounted on a linear axle**

Results and benefits after demonstration in a production line:

- Detection of misalignment
- Optimization of quartz ware recycling
- Reduction of downtime
- 1% Uptime benefit (1,5 Mio €/y @ 15 furnaces)



Supporting Activities: ESH

Chemicals and Materials Management must provide timely ESH information to equipment design engineers and equipment users regarding the environmental, safety, and health characteristics of potential new process chemicals and materials.

Process and Equipment Management includes a continuing need for water, energy, and chemical conservation through process optimization, implementation of cost-effective use reduction solutions, and replacement of hazardous chemicals with more benign materials.

Facilities Energy and Water Optimization focuses on the need for resource conservation of the factory's support systems. The reduction of global warming emissions from both the generation of electricity and the use of etch and chamber clean process chemicals is a major consideration, because it could limit the use of energy and chemicals essential to the manufacturing process.

Sustainability and Product Stewardship are becoming important considerations driven by public opinion and the customers of the industry's products. To address these challenges in a cost-effective and timely way, *Design for Environment, Safety, and Health (DFESH)* must become an integral part of the design process and management's decision-making.

Conclusions and Summary

- **Cooperation in Roadmaps, Standards and Guidelines**
- **Cooperation in Equipment and Metrology Equipment Development and Assessment, a global gap in many areas of High-Tech, by mutual participation of**
 - **Users**
 - **Equipment suppliers**
 - **OEM and sub-systems suppliers**
 - **Research institutions and academia**
- **Common metrics**
- **Modelling and simulation**
- **E-Learning**
- **Advanced equipment and process control**
- **ESH issues**